

136-6-21/26

First All-Union Conference on Furnaces in Non-ferrous Metallurgy.

the present state of the industry and indicating requirements
for its development were passed.

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Card 4/4

AUTHOR:

Ol'skij, Yu.Ya.

SOV/136-58-5-17/22

TITLE:

Fifth Full Assembly of the Central Administration of the
Non-ferrous Metallurgical Scientific-technical Society
(V plenum tsentral'nogo pravleniya nauchno-tehnicheskogo
obshchestva tsvetnoy metallurgii)

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnyye Metally, 1958, nr 5, pp 84 - 86 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The fifth meeting of the Central Directorate of the
Scientific-technical Society for Non-ferrous Metallurgy
was held in Moscow on February 21 - 22, 1958. In addition
to members of the full assembly, representatives of
government and local bodies and of works and institutes
attended. Reports on the following subjects were heard:
the work of the Society in connection with plans for the
development of the industry in 1959-1965 (by I.A. Strigin
of the Gosplan of the USSR); co-ordination of scientific
research in non-ferrous metallurgy (by N.P. Ol'khov, of
the Central Directorate of the Society); delays in
adopting research results (by D.S. Neustroyev of
Uralmekhanobr); participation of the Society in the
formulation of plans for 1959-1965 (by L.M. Gazaryan of

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SOV/136-58-5-17/22

Fifth Full Assembly of the Central Administration of the Non-ferrous Metallurgical Scientific-technical Society

the GNTK RSFSR - Government Scientific-technical Committee of the Russian Soviet Federated Socialist Republic); co-ordination in research (by V.I. Dolgikh of the Krasnoyarskiy zavod (Krasnoyarsk Works) and by M.A. Sokolov of the Institut metallurgii i obogashcheniya i N KazSSR (Metallurgical and Beneficiation Institute (of the Ac.Sc. KazSSR)); complex extraction of metals (by N.A. Shilo of the VNIIL-1, Magadan and G.A. Mel'nikov of the SOPS AN SSSR); problems for solution with a view to better planning for 1956-1965 (by M.F. Bazhenov of the Gosplan of the USSR); concentration of capital investment (by N.I. Yegorov of the Gosplan of the USSR); the absence of research co-ordination as it affects a local economic council (by G.A. Astakhov of the Primorskiy sovnarkhoz); the work of the Society (by A.S. Mikulenko of the Central Administration of the Scientific-technical Society); the work of the Noril'sk Directorate of the Society (by L.F. Zhukhovitskiy of the Noril'sk Directorate). The following participated in the discussion of some of the above reports: R.M. Gamberg (Zyryanovsk Combine),

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Fifth Full Assembly of the Central Administration of the Non-ferrous
Metallurgical Scientific-technical Society

V.I. Tret'yakov (VNIITS), V.A. Murashov (Iral
Directorate of the Society) and M.S. Malkhasyan (Armgipro-
tsvetmet, Yerevan). The assembly adopted a resolution
setting out the activities of society organisations and
tasks to be carried out and recommending that a joint
conference be called before May 1, 1958 of appropriate
organisations to discuss all-union aspects of research
coordination. Finally, the assembly discussed society
activities planned for 1958.

1. Metallurgy--USSR 2. Industry--USSR

Card 3/3

OL'SKIY, Yu.

Fifth Plenum of the Central Administration of the Scientific
and Technical Association of Nonferrous Metallurgy. Biul. TSIIN
tsvet. met. no.8:8-9 '58. (MIRA 11:6)
(Nonferrous metals--Metallurgy)

OL'SKIY, Yu.Ya.

New flowsheets for the processing of Turgay bauxites. Tsvet. met.
31 no. 7:91-92 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:8)
(Turgay--Bauxites)

OL'SKIY, Yu.Ya.

Conference on problems of ore dressing in heavy medis. TSvet.
met. 31 no.9:75-77 S '58. (MIRA 11:9)
(Ore dressing)

AUTHOR: Ol'skiy, Yu.Ya. SOV/136-59-3-18/21

TITLE: Conference on Fluidised-bed Roasting (Soveshchaniye po obzhigu v kipyashchem sloye)

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnyye Metally, 1959, Nr 3, pp 79 - 80 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author notes, with some examples, the wide use being made in the Soviet non-ferrous metals industry of fluidised-bed roasting processes. To facilitate exchange of operating experience and promote the further application of such processes a conference was held at the "Elektrotsink" Works in Ordzhonikidze at the end of 1958. The conference was convened by the Nauchno-tehnicheskoye obshchestvo tsvetnoy metallurgii (Scientific-technical Society for Non-ferrous Metallurgy) together with the GNTK RSFSR and the Severo-Osetinskiy sovnarkhoz (Severo-Osetinskiy Economic Council). Among the reports heard by the conference were the following: A.N. Terrovskaya and A.M. Malets (NIUIF), analysing the operation of fluidised roasters in the chemical industry; Yu.I. Sabchuk and A.T. Ul'yanov of the Voskresenskiy khimicheskiy kombinat (Voskresensk Chemical Combine) on heat utilisation in pyrites roasting; by I.A. Burcovoy, I.V. Fernshteyn

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SOV/136-59-3-18/21

Conference on Fluidised-bed Roasting

and G.Ya. Krichevskiy (Gintsvetmet) on the study and introduction of automatic fluidised-roaster control and complex-automation problems; by A.G. Amelin (NIUIF) on "Production of Sulphuric Acid from Sulphide Ores by Roasting Them in Fluidised Roaster". The conference discussed available experience of fluidised roasting, noted economies effected through its introduction and recommended lines of research and improved operating methods. Attention was drawn to shortcomings in the development of the fluidised-bed roasting process in the USSR. The conference made detailed recommendations for the adoption of the process. The praesidium of the Society deplored the small representations at the conference of the research and planning organisations of the aluminium industry. The proceedings of the conference are due to be published by the Society.

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SOV/136-5-4-23/24

AUTHOR: Ol'skiy, Yu.Ya.

TITLE: Sixth Plenum of the Central Board of the Scientific-
Technical Society for Non-Ferrous Metallurgy (VI plenum
tsentral'nogo pravleniya nauchno-tehnicheskogo
obshchestva tsvetnoy metallurgii)

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnyye metally, 1959, Nr 4, pp 90-93 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: On the 10th February 1959, the plenum of the Central
Board of the Scientific-Technical Society for Non-
Ferrous Metallurgy met in Moscow. The meeting was also
attended by representations of the Gosplans of the
SSSR (USSR) and RSFSR, the GNTK's Sovets Ministr'rov
(Council of Ministers) of the USSR and RSFSR, several
sovarkhoz (economic councils) and of the industry and
institutes. The main purpose of the meeting was to
discuss the place of non-ferrous metallurgy in the
economic plan for 1959-1965 outlined by N.S.Khrushchev
at the 21st meeting of the KPSS (CPSU). This was dealt
with in a report by D.I.Derkachev, deputy head of the
otdel tsvetnoy metallurgii (Non-ferrous metallurgy
department) of the Gosplan of the USSR. He pointed to

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Sixth Plenum of the Central Board of the Scientific-Technical Society for Non-Ferrous Metallurgy

the increased requirements in these metals of the Soviet Union, for which available raw materials reserves were ample. In the aluminium industry where production is to increase 2.8 to 3 fold, nepheline ores would be used as well as bauxites and advantage taken of cheap hydro-electric energy from new stations. The first works of the industry of the current 7-year period was put into operation in January 1959 at Stalingrad. Copper production is to increase 1.9-fold and new ore beneficiation and smelting works are to be built. Production of nickel, cobalt, molybdenum, tungsten, niobium, zirconium and other metals for alloy steels and high-temperature alloys is to be intensified. For satisfying the requirements of the rapidly expanding instruments and electronics industry rare-metals production is to be increased and appropriate survey and research work carried out; capital investment over the seven years will be 3 times that for 1952-1958. In the lead and zinc industries the planned production is to be achieved mainly by expansion and improvement of

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Sixth Plenum of the Central Board of the Scientific-Technical Society for Non-Ferrous Metallurgy

existing enterprises. The 1965 level of diamond production will be 15-16 times that of 1958, as a result of the working of the largest deposits in the world in the Yakutskaya ASSR. The general policy in capital investment is to concentrate it in the smallest number of enterprises and therefore some new construction is to be curtailed. Improved practice, and especially greater use of open-cast mining methods, will lead to great productivity increases (in the non-ferrous metals industry as a whole labour productivity is to rise by 80% over the 7-year period). Electric methods are to be increasingly used with 120,000-130,000 amp electrolyzers for aluminium and electric smelting e.g. for lead. Where possible natural gas is to be used in place of pulverised coal. The report included a comparison of Soviet and United States production of non-ferrous metals. Among those participating in the discussions were: F.A.Trifonov,

Card 3/4 Chitinskiy sovnarkhoz (Chita Economic Council),

SOV/136-59-4-23/24

Sixth Plenum of the Central Board of the Scientific-Technical Society for Non-Ferrous Metallurgy

R.M.Gamberg, Zyryanovskiy kombinat (Zyryanovskiy Combine), A.A.Gaylit, Moskovskiy zavod vtorichnogo al'yuminiya (Moscow Secondary-Aluminium Works), P.B.Bogolyubov Krasnoyarskiy institut tsvetnykh metallov (Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Institute), G.V.Davydov, Central Board of the NTO, N.K.Yegorov, GNTK RSFSR. During discussions examples were given of ways in which the Society had helped or failed the industry. The 1959 programme adopted for the Society included the organisation of conferences and courses (e.g. automation) and work in fields such as workers' health. Much of these activities will be carried out in cooperation with State and Republic organisations.

Card 4/4

OLSOVSKY, Otto, inz.

Calculation of transformer output for large industrial appliances.
Energetika Cz 12 no.12:641-642 D '62.

OLSUFI'YEV, N.G. and GOLOV, D.A.

"Horse Flies as Transmitters and Conservators of Tular:mia," 1936
All-Union Inst. Exptl. Med. im. Gor'kiy.

O L S U F ' Y E V , N . G .
O L S U F ' Y E V , N . G .

Problems of Regional Parasitology, Vol. III, The Role of Mosquitos in the
Transmission and Retention of Tularemia," 1939

VIEV im. A. M. Gor'kiy and Alma-Ata Anti-plague Station, State Inst.
Microbiol. & Epidemiol. RSFSR.

OLSUF'YEV, N.G. ~~XXX~~

"The Double Character of Nutrition and the Sexual Cycle in the Females
of Horse-Flies (diptera, Tabanidae) (Section Med. Parasitol, VIEM, Zool.
Zhur. 19, No. 3, pp. 445-454, 1940.

OLSF'YEV, N.G.
OLSF'YEV, N.G. and TOLSTUKHINA, Ye.
~~SECRET~~

"The Tick Dermacentor Pictus Herm. As A Carrier and Protracted Retainer
of Tularemia Infection," (1941)

OISUFYEV, N. G.

PA 14T116

USSR/Medicine - Endemic
Medicine - Tularemia

May/Jun 1947

"The Landscape Types of Endemic Tularemia in the
Middle Zone of the RSFSR," N. G. Olsufyev, 8 pp

"Zoolog Zhur" Vol XXVI, No 3

Studies of three types of endemic tularemia, each
one of which is characterized by its own peculiar
features. The first two types (field and meadow
type and valley and flooded valley type) are
established as distinct types, but the third
(forest type) is not yet completely isolated.

14T116

Olsufyev, N. G.

14T117

USSR/Medicine - Insects
Medicine - Vectors

May/Jun 1941

"Note on the Animal Hosts of the Young of the Tick
Dermacentor Pictus Herm in Western Siberia," N. G.
Olsufyev, 2 pp

"Zoolog Zhur" Vol XXVI, No 3

Discussion with data and table of figures on
crickets, mice, rabbits, and other wild animals
carrying ticks.

14T117

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2

OLSUF'YEV, NG., and KAGRAMANOV, S.V.

"The Pathogenic Action of the Nymph Tick *Dermacentor Pictus* Hemm. (Acari, Ixodidae) on Small Rodents," Dept. Brucellosis & Tularemia and Dept. Med. Parasitol, VIEM im Gor'kiy. Entomological Review, 29, No. 3-4, 1947, pp. 256-259.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2"

OL'SUF'YEV, N. G.

OL'SUF'YEV, N. G. "On the external parasites of the gray 'polevka' *microtus arvalis* Pall. and certain other wild mammals of the southern portion of Moscow Oblast," In the collection: *Voprosy krayevoy, obshchey i eksperim. parazitologii*, Vol. IV, Moscow, 1949, p. 130-44.

SO: U-4393, 19 August 53, (*Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey'*, No. 22, 1949).

OLSF'YEV, N. G.

OLSF'YEV, N. G. and TOLSTUHINA, Ye. N. "On discoverin' tularemia foci by the method of investigating pasture ticks", (Including the work of N. G. Olsuf'yev entitled "Data based on gathering and investigating ticks in tularemia foci"), In the Collection: Voprosy krayevoy, obshchey i eksperim. parazitologii, Vol. IV, Moscow, 1949, p. 218-23.

SO: U-4393, 19 August 53, (Letopis 'Zurnal 'nykh Statey', No. 22, 1949).

OLESUF'YEV, N.G.
OLESUF'YEV, N.G. and TOLSPUKHINA, Ye.

"Research Study on Experimental and Descriptive Parasitology (Vol. VI;
an Experiment of Prolonged Observation of Tularemia in the Course of Study
of Pasturable Ticks," (1949).

OLSUF'YEV, N.

PA 41/49T47

USSR/ Medicine - Flies
Medicine - Taxonomy

Jan/Feb 49

"Horseflies (Tabanidae) of the Southern Part of
Moscow Oblast," N. Olsuf'yev, 12 pp

"Byul Mosk Obshch Isply Prirod, Otdel Biolog"
Vol LIV, No 1

In studied locality (around northern part of
Semenovskiy Mikhnevskiy Rayon of Moscow Oblast),
found 26 horsefly forms, six of which were as-
sociated with Moscow Oblast for the first time.

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2

OLISUF'YEV, N. G., MAYKKIY, I. N. & NAUMOV, N.P.

"Principal Results of the Joint Tularemia Expedition." Vestn. Akad. Med. Nauk 1950
(19) 46-48

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.

A.A. Aiseli; obituary. Izv. Irk.gos protivochum.inst. 9:1-4 '51.
(AISELI, ALEKSANDR ALEKSEYEVICH, 1897-1948) (MIRA 10:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2"

OLSUF'YEV, N.; DUNAYEVA, T.
[G.]

On the sensitivity of the weasel, skunk and fox to tularemia and
their possible epidemiologic significance. Zool. zhurnal 30 no.1:
78-83 1951. (CIML 10:5)

1. Tularemia Laboratory of the Department of Parasitology and Medi-
cal Zoology (Head--Academician Ye.N.Pavlovskiy) of the Institute of
Experimental Medicine imeni N.F.Oamaleya (Director--Prof.V.D.
Timakov, Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences
of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR.

OLSUF'YEV, N. G.; TOLSTURHINA, Ye. N.

"Detection of Foci of Tularemia by Investigating Pasture Ticks"

Voprosy Krayevoy i Eksperimental'noy Parazitologii, Vol. IV

(Bibliography of "Hemorrhagic Fever in Uzbekistan" summarized from the book of that title, published 1952 by Publishing House of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbek SSI, edited by N. I. Khodukin-Sumary. Above article by Olsuf'yev is reference to a section pp 122-146 in the original work)

Voprosy Krayevoy Patologii, Vypusk II. Gemorragicheskaya Likhoradka v Uzbekistane (Problems of Regional Pathology, Issue II, published in Tashkent, 1952

L-25668 31 March 1953 p 14

Rpt. U-3025, March 1953, p 2

OLSUF'YEV, N. G.

"On the External Parasites of the Gray Field Mouse (*Microtus arvalis* Pall.) and of Some Mammals Occurring in the Southern Part of Moscow Oblast"

Voprosy Krayevoy i Eksperimental'noy Parasitologii (Problems of Regional and Experimental Parasitology, Vol. IV

(Bibliography of "Hemorrhagic Fever in Uzbekistan" - summarized from the book, 1952, Publishing House of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbek SSR, edited by N. I. Khodukin.)

Summary. Olsuf'yev article above is reference to section pp 122-126 in original work
Voprosy Krayevoy Patologii, Vypusk II. Gamorragicheskaya Likhoradka v Uzbeckistane (Problems of Regional Pathology, Issue II, published in Tashkent, 1952

AL-25668 31 Mar 1953 p 14

Rpt. U-3025, March 1953 p 2

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.
OLSUF'YEV, N.G.

"The Study of Horse-Fly Fauna (Tabanidae) in the Southern Part of the
Moscow Oblast," Entomological Review, No. 31, pp. 311-315, 1952.

USSR/Medicine - Epidemiology, Carriers May/Jun 52
of Infectious Diseases

"Reactions of Various Mammals to Tularaemia and Sensitivity to Tularaemia of Some Species of Field Mice (Sub family Microtinae)", T. N. Dunayeva, N. G. Olsuf'yev,
Lab of Tularaemia, Div of Parasitol and Med Zool,
Inst of Epidemiol and Microbiol imen N. F. Gamaleya, Acad Med Sci USSR

"Zool Zhur" Vol XXXI, No 3, pp 457-466

Microtus arvalis, *M. socialis*, *M. agrestis*, *M. mitchilli*, *Lemmus lemmus*, *Arvicola terrestris*, and *Clethrionomys glareolus* exhibited a high deg of susceptibility and high infection sensitivity to virulent

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strains of *B. tularensis* introduced either subcutaneously or intracutaneously. In the majority of cases, a lethal infection was caused by a dose corresponding to 1 bacterial body. Of the greatest importance from the epizootological standpoint among these rodents are *Microtus arvalis* and *Arvicola terrestris*, of less importance *Lagurus lagurus* and *M. socialis*.
 References on tularaemia are appended, among them "Susceptibility of *M. mitchilli* to Experimental Infection With Tularaemia," N. D. Altareva, Ye. A. Mitina, "IZ Irkutsk Protivochumnogo Inst" (News of the Irkutsk Antiplague Inst), Vol VI, 1946; "Secretion of *B. tularensis* by Field Mice Having Tularaemia in a Nonacute Form," N.P. Sveshnikova, "Zhur Mikrobiol, Epidemiol, i Immunol" No 6, 1950.

223T39

W-2709P, 2514 43

OLSUP'YEV, N.O.

New species of horseflies (Diptera, Tabanidae) of the U.S.S.R.
Ent. oboz. 32:311-315 '52.
(MLR 7:1)

1. Otdel parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii Instituta epide-
miologii i mikrobiologii im. N.F. Gamaleya Akademii meditsinskikh
nauk SSSR, Moskva.
(Horseflies)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2

OISUF'YEV, N.G. and PETROV, B.G.

"The Increase of *Bacterium Tularensis* in the Ticks *Dermacentor Pictus* Herm. in the process of Metamorphosis," (1953).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2"

OLSF'YEV, N. G. Reviewer

"Results of the Study of Effectiveness of Supracutaneous Anti-Tularemia
Inoculation," from the monograph Effect of Vaccination "against Tularemia",
1953 p. 7

Translation D 568409

OLSUF'YEV, N.G., NIKOLAYEVA, I.E., KALITINA, T.A., and UGLOVOY, G.P. MAYSKITY, I.V.

"Results of the Study of the Effectiveness of Anti-Tularemia Inoculations," from the monograph Effect of Vaccination Against Tularemia, 1953 p. 115

Translation D 568409

OISUF'YEV, N. G.

Jun 53

USSR/Medicine - Tularemia

"Clinical-Epidemiological Characteristics of Tularemia in a Focus of the Murine (Southern) Type," N. H. Olsuf'yev, Ye. A. Pronina, R. A. Savel'yeva, Div of Parasitol and Med Zool, Inst of Epidemiol and Microbiol im N. F. Gamaleya, Acad Med Sci USSR; Chair of Infectious Diseases, Central Inst for Advanced Training of Physicians: Zhur Mikro, Epid, i Immun, No 6, pp 53-56

Human tularemia (principally among kolkhoz workers) was caused by a great increase in the number of field mice and domestic mice, accompanied by an epizootic outbreak of tularemia among these rodents in fall and winter. The human disease had a strictly seasonal character (Nov-Feb with a max in Dec-Jan). Infection was mostly by inhalation: 92.3% of the patients suffered from a pulmonary form of the disease. The balance was alimentary (5.1%), cutaneous (2.2%), and ocular (0.4%) infection.

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OLSUF'YEV, N. G.

USSR/Biology - Ticks

May/Jun 53

"Review of G. S. Pervomayskiy's book 'Variability of Pasture Ticks (Ixodidae Family) and Its Significance for Systematics,' "(N. C. Olsuf'yev, reviewer)

Zool Zhur, Vol 32, No 3, pp 565-567

Pervomayskiy's book (Izmenchivost' pastbishchnykh kleshchey (semeystv Ixodidae) i zacheniyeyeye dlya sistematiki) states that ixodidae ticks are important in veterinary medicine and in general medical practice. They transmit haemosporidian infections to domestic animals, and tularemia,

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rickettsiosis, and encephalitis to humans. The author has put 3 species of ticks of the genus Rhipicephalus and 5 species and 2 subspecies of ticks of the genus Hyalomma through a careful morphological examination. The results are described in 4 chapters. The Presidium of Acad Sci USSR has awarded the author of this book the I. I. Mechnikov first prize for the year 1952.

OLSUF'IEV, N.G.; FORMOZOV, A.N.

Horseflies of central Kazakhstan. Trudy Inst. geog. 54:12-32 '53.
(MIRA 7:5)

(Kazakhstan--Horseflies) (Horseflies--Kazakhstan)

OLSHF'YEV, N. G.

5375 tulyaremiya and ber'ba s ney. (material v pomoshch' lektoru(Borgan) 1954.
Gs 20sm (kurganskoyr ob. str. lit'bury. lektsiennoue byjro.v pomoshch'
lektory and besedchiky wyp. 5). 20000ekz b. ts. - bez tit. l.i. n.).
(54-57267) 616.952

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', vol. 1, 1955

OLSUP'YEV, N.G.

OLSUP'YEV, N.G.; YEMEL'YANOVA, O.S.

Mixed epizootic tularemia, listerellosis, and streptococcal infection among field voles during the winter. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun.
no.2:36-41 F '54. (MLRA 7:3)

1. Iz laboratorii tulyaremii otdela parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii (zaveduyushchiy otdelom akademik Ye.N.Pavlovskiy) Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii im. pochetnogo akademika N.F.Gamali Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (direktor - professor V.D.Timakov).
(Tularemia) (Streptococcus)
(Field mice--Diseases) (Listerella)

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.; PETROV, V.G.; YAMOLOVA, N.S.; MIKHALEVA, V.A.; SAMSONOVA,
T.P.; KHLYUSTOVA, A.I.

Role of the tick *Dermacentor marginatus* Sulz. in sustaining tularemia
infection in a natural nidus of the bottomland type. Zool.zhur. 33 no.2:
290-295 Mr-Ap '54.
(MLRA 7:5)

1. Otdel parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii (zaveduyushchiy - akademik
Ye.N.Pavlovskiy) IEM Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR im. N.F.Gamal'eya,
Stalingradskaya protivoepidemicheskaya stantsiya Ministerstva zdravookhra-
neniya SSSR i Stalingradskaya protivotularemicheskaya stantsiya.
(Tularemia) (Ticks as carriers of disease)

OLSUF'YEV, N. G.

"Tularin Derived From a Vaccine Strain for Cutaneous Use."

"Tularemia in Foreign Countries."

"On Cutaneous Tularin Derived From a Vaccine Strain." [paper read at a meeting of the institute's Scientific Council held during the first half of 1955.] Proceedings of Inst. Epidem. and Microbiol. im. Gamaleya, 1954-56.

Division of Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Pavlovskiy, Yevgeniy Nikanorovich
Active Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences, USSR, head., Inst. Epidem.
and Microbiol. im. Gamaleya, AMS USSR.

SO: Sum 1186, 11 Jan 57.

OLSUF'YEV, N. G., KOLYADITSKAYA, L. S., and YEMEL'YANOVA, O. S.

"Results of Work on Preparing Live Tularemia Vaccines by a New Technique and From New Strains." [paper read at a session of the institute's Scientific Council held during the first half of 1955] Proceedings of Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya 1954-56.

Division of Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Pavlovskiy, Yevgeniy Nikonorovich, Active Member of Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, head. Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya AMS USSR

SO: Sum 1186, 11 Jan 57.

Dn. S. G. P. G.
KUCHERUK, V. V., OL'SUF'YEV, N. G., DUNAYEVA, T. N., and RUBINA, M. A.

"Experimental Study of Winter Epizootic Tularemia Among Ordinary Field Mice
in Stacks of Straw," 1955

Section of Parasitology and Med. Zool., Inst. Epidemiol. and Microbiol im. N. F
Gamaleya, AMS USSR and Inter-District Anti-Tularemia Station.

VERSHILOVA, Polina Al'bertovna; OLSUF'YEV, Nikolay Grigor'yevich;
VARFOLOMEYEVA, Angelina Aleksandrovna; SHIK, M.M., redaktor;
ISLENT'Yeva, P.G., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Contagious diseases transmitted by animals to man (brucellosis, tularaemia, leptospirosis) Zaraznye bolezni, peredaiushchesia et zhivotnykh cheloveku(brutsellez, tularemia, leptospiroz) Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1955. 31 p. (Vsesoiuznoe obshchestvo po rasprostraneniiu politicheskikh i nauchnykh znanii, Ser.3, no.18)

(MLRA 8:9)

(Brucellosis) (Tularaemia) (Leptospirosis)

Olsuf'yev, N.G.
USSR/Medicine - Tularemia, Epidemiology

FD-2594

Card 1/1 Pub. 148 - 5/25

Author : Olsuf'yev, N. G.; Kucheruk, V. V.; *Makarov, N. I.; *Borodin, V. P.; Petrov, V. G.; and Selyanin, Ye. P.

Title : The structure of a natural reservoir of river valley type tularemia

Periodical : Zhur. mikro. epid. i immun. 4, 27-31, Apr 1955

Abstract : The results of a three year study of the ecological relationships between the rodents and insects which act as hosts and vectors of *Pasteurella tularensis* in an unnamed river valley in the USSR are given. Epizootic and epidemiological data reveal the connections between the yearly flooding of the valley and outbreaks of tularemia among its animal and human inhabitants. Mosquitoes, gnats, and horse-flies act as mechanical vectors. The ticks, *Dermacentor marginatus* and *Rhipicephalus rossicus*, maintain the infection during the interepidemic period and constantly transmit it to the water rats, *Arvicola terrestris*, and other mouse-like rodents. The names of the 12 scientists who carried out the study are listed. No references are cited.

Institution : Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology imeni Gamaleya (Director - G. V. Vygodchikov); Stalingrad Sanitary-Epidemiological Station (*Head - Cand Med Sci N. I. Makarov); Stalingradskaya Oblast Anti-Tularemia Station (*Head Physician - V. P. Borodin)

Submitted : December 31, 1954

Olsuf'yev, N. G.

USSR/Medicine - Tularemia, immunology

FD-2601

Card 1/1 Pub. 148 - 12/25

Author : Olsuf'yev, N. G.; *Borodin, V. P.; Surnina, N. S.; and Tsvetkova,
Ye. M.

Title : The allergenic characteristics of tulyarin from virulent, vaccine, and avirulent strains of tularemia microorganisms when administered supracutaneously and intracutaneously

Periodical : Zhur. mikro. epid. i immun. 4, 58-63, Apr 1955

Abstract : The allergenic characteristics of tulyarin produced from virulent and vaccine strains were found to be identical. Persons with an active immunity or who had recovered from tularemia could be detected by the allergic reaction following the supracutaneous or intracutaneous administration of diluted tulyarin. The authors recommend the supracutaneous application of vaccine strain tulyarin to the forearm. The results of the experiments are presented on two charts. No references are cited.

Institution : Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology imeni Gamaleya; Stalingradskaya Oblast Antitularemia Station (Chief Physician - V. P. Borodin); and the Stalingrad Sanitary-Epidemiological Station (Head - N. I. Makarov)

Submitted : October 18, 1954

OLSUP'YEV, N.G.

PAVLOVSKIY, Ye.N.; OLSUP'YEV, N.G.; ANAN'IN, V.V.

Conference on natural foci of diseases in man and animals in
Czechoslovakia. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. no.4:124-126 Ap '55.
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, epidemiology, (MIRA 8:7)
focal theory, conf. in Czech.)

OLSUP'YEV, N.G.

OLSUP'YEV, N.G.; YAMOLOVA, N.S.

Virulence of strains of *Pasturella tularensis* isolated by direct culture from mature *Dermacentor marginatus* ticks collected under natural conditions. *Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.* i immun. no.8:60-64 Ag '55. (MLRA 8:11)

1. Iz Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni N.P. Gamalei AMN SSSR (dir.--prof. G.V.Vygodchikov) i Stalingradskoy sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy stantsii (nach.--kandidat meditsinskikh nauk N.I.Makarov)

(PASTURELLA TULARENSIS,
virulence of strains isolated from ticks *Dermacentor marginatus*)

(TICKS,
Dermacentor marginatus, virulence of *Pasturella tularensis* isolated from)

OLSUF'YEV, N.G., KUCHERUK, V.V., DUNAYEVA, T.N., and RUBINA, M.A.

"The Experience Gained in Studying Winter Epizooty of Tularemia Among Common Field Mice Found in Haystacks," Report No I. "The Epizooty of Tularemia, Linked to the Formation of Natural Nidi of the Flood-lands Type", Problems of Regional, General, and Experimental Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Vol. 9, 1955.

Division of Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Inst. Epidemiology and Microbiology imeni N. F. Gamleya, AMA USSR

Sum. I305

OLSUF'YEV, N.G., KUCHERUK, V.V., RUBIN, M.A., GLAGOLEVA, P.N.

"The Epizooty of Tularemia, Linked to the Formation of Natural Nidi of the Field-Meadow Type", Problems of Regional, General and Experimental Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Vol. 9, 1955.

Division of Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Inst, Epidemiology and Microbiology imeni N. F. Gamleya, AMA USSR

Sum. I305

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.

Academician Evgenii Nikanorovich Pavlovskii; on his 70th birthday
and the 45th anniversary of his scientific, pedagogical and civic
activities. Vop.kraev., ob. i eksp.paraz. i med. zool. 9:9-16 '55.
(PAVLOVSKIY, EVGENII NIKANOROVICH, 1884-) (MIRA 10:1)

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.; KUCHERUK, V.V.; DUNAYEVA, T.N.; RUBINA, M.A.

Studying epizootics of tularemia in winter among common field voles in unthreshed grain and straw stacks. Report no.1: Epizootics of tularemia connected with the development of natural foci of the bottom land type. Vop.kraev.,ob. i eksp.paraz. i med.zool. 9:105-118 '55.
(MLRA 10:1)

1. Iz ot dela parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii (zav. - akad. Ye.N. Pavlovskiy) Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni N.P.Gamaleya (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR prof. G.V.Vygodchikov) Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR i mezhrayonnoy protivotulyaremiynoy stantsii (nach. A.I.Nikolayeva)
(FIELD MICE—DISEASES AND PESTS)
(TULAREMIA)

Olsuf'Yev N.G.
RUBINA, M.A.; KUCHERUK, V.V.; OLSUF'YEV, N.G.; GLAGOLEVA, P.N.

Studying epizootics of tularemia in winter among common field voles
in unthreshed grain and straw stacks. Report no.2: Epizootics of
tularemia connected with the development of natural foci of the field-
meadow type. Vop.kraev., ob. i eksp.paraz. i med.zool. 9:119-131 '55.
(MIRA 10:1)

1. Iz ot dela parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii (zav. - skad.
Ye.N.Pavlovskiy) Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni
B.P.Gamaleya (dir. - dey stvitel'nyychlen Akademii meditsinskikh
nauk SSSR prof. G.V.Vygodchikov) i mezh rayonnoy protivotulyaremiy-
noy stantsii (nach. A.I.Nikolayeva)

(FIELD MICE--DISEASES AND PESTS) (TULAREMIA)

OLSUF'EV, N. G.

BUNIN, K.V.

"Tularemia and methods of its prevention" Part C. N.G.Olsuf'ev.
Reviewed by K.V.Bunin. Sov.med.19 no.7:93-94 J1 '55.(MLRA 8:10)
(TULAREMIA) (OLSUF'EV, N.G.)

OLSUP'YEV, N.G.; PETROV, V.G.; YAMOLOVA, N.S.; MIKHALEVA, V.A.; SAMSONOVA, A.P.;
KHLYUSTOVA, A.I.

Role of the ticks *Rhipicephalus rossicus* Jakim. et K.-Jakim. in
sustaining tularemia in a natural focus of the flood plains.
Zool, zhur. 34 no.61224-1228 N-D '55. (MLRA 9:1)

1.Otdel parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii (zav.akad.Ye.N.Pavlovskiy),
IEM Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR imeni N.F.Gamaleya, Stalingradskaya
protivoepidemicheskaya stantsiya Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR i
Stalingradskaya protivotularemicheskaya stanitsiya.

(Tularemia) (Ticks as carriers of disease)

OLSUF'YEV, N. G., KUCHERUK, V. V., MAKAROV, N. I., BORODIN, V.P., PETROV, V. G., and SELYANIN, YE. P.

"Concerning the Structure of Natural Foci of Tularemia of the River-bottom Type." Proceedings of Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya 1954-56.

Division of Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Pavlovskiy, Yevgeniy Nikanorovich, Active Member of Academy of Medical Sciences, USSR, head. Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya AMS USSR.

SO: Sum 1186, 11 Jan 57.

OLSUF'YEV, N. G., BORODIN, V. P., SURNINA, N. S., and TSVETKOVA, Ye. M.

"Allergy Characteristics of Tularin Derived From Virulent Vaccines and Avirulent Strains of Tularemia Microbes on Cutaneous and Subcutaneous Use." Proceedings of Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya 1954-56.

Division of Parasitology and Medical Zoology, Pavlovskiy, Yevgeniy Nikanorovich, Active Member of Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, head., Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya, AMS USSR.

SO: Sum 1186, 11 Jan 57.

OLSUF'YEV, N. G., YANOLOVA, N. S.

"Concerning the Strain Virulence of Tularemic Micro-Organisms Isolated by Direct Seeding From Matured *Dermacentor Marginatus* Ticks Found in Their Natural Habitat." Proceedings of Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im Gamaleya 1954-56.

Division of Parasitology, and Medical Zoology, Pavlovskiy, Yevgeniy Nikanorovich, Active Member of Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Head. Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya AMS USSR.

SO: Sum 1186, 11 Jan 57.

OLSUR'YEV, N. G., Prof., BEYLINSON, A. V., Cand of Sci. ANAN'YN, V.V., Cand of Sci., and VYGODCHIKOV, G. V. Prof.

"Concerning the Mission to Czechoslovakia" Proceedings of Inst. Epidem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya 1954-56

Personnel Identified as Participants in Sessions of the Scientific Council Held by the Institute During the year 1954. Inst Ep.dem and Microbiol im. Gamaleya AMS USSR

SO: Sum 1186, 11 Jan 57.

OLSUF'YEV, N. G., Prof.

"Tularemia and Measures of Its Prevention," Second corrected edition,
Medgiz, Moscow, 1956.

TABCON in attachment to B-98525, 30 Jul 56
book in U. of Cal. Library

Olsufyev, N.G.

USSR / Pharmacology, Toxicology, Chemotherapeutic Agents

U-7

Abs Jour : Ref. Zh. Biol., No 2, 1958, No 8100

Author : Olsufyev, N.G., Tsvetkova, Ye. M.

Inst :

Title : The Therapeutic Effect of Streptomycin and Other Antibiotics in Tularemia

Orig Pub : V. sb. Antibiotiki. Experim. Klinich. Izuch. M. 1956,
173-179

Abstract : Out of a number of antibiotics which were effective in the treatment of tularemia in vitro, streptomycin proved to be the most efficacious in therapy of the experimental tularemia in guinea pigs. Biomycin and terramycin were less effective. Levomycin, sintomycin, ftiazid and PAS had no therapeutic value. Sulfate and chlorhydrate

Card : 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001238020012-2"
Card : 2/2

OLSF'YEV, N. G.

"The Therapeutic Action of Streptomycin in Tularemia", a report presented
at the First All-Union Conference Devoted to the Clinical-Experimental Study of
Antibiotics, Moscow, 25-27 April 1955, Antibiotiki, No 1, 1956

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.

"Tularemia in Foreign Countries," Zhur Mik., Epidemiol., & Immunobiol.,
No. 9, pp. 13-20, 1956.

TERESHCHENKO, M.P.; OLSUF'YEV, N.G.

Evaluation of the effectiveness of various methods for isolating
Pasteurella tularensis in experimental tularemia in white mice.
Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun. 27 no.2:14-19 F '56 (MIKA 9:5)

1. Iz Moskovskoy nablyudatel'noy stantsii Ministerstva
zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(PASTEURELLA TULARENSIS,
isolation method in exper. tularemia)

OLSUF'YEV, N. G.

"Tularemia in Foreign Countries," by N. G. Olsuf'yev, Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology imeni N. F. Gamaleya, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Zhurnal Mikrobiologii, Epidemiologii i Immunobiologii, Vol 27, No 9, Sep 56, pp 13-20

In a review of the epidemiology of tularemia in the northern hemisphere, dates of appearance, incidence, and sources of human infection in 17 countries of America, Europe, and Asia are discussed. The highest incidence up to 1953 was reported in the US and the second highest in Switzerland. These figures are shown in a table which includes names of the countries, years in which human tularemia was first observed, total numbers of known cases, yearly averages, and sources of infection. It is mentioned that the first of three waves of tularemia which occurred in Europe after 1926 encompassed Western Siberia and the southern part of the European USSR between 1926 and 1928.

In connection with the therapy of tularemia it is stated that many authors consider aureomycin to be superior to streptomycin; there are also indications for the use of chloramphenicol, although experiments on laboratory animals have not shown the latter to be particularly effective.

Sum 1239

OLSUP'YEV, N.Q.; TSVETKOVA, Ye.M.; BORODIN, V.P.; KOROLEVA, A.P.; SIL'CHENKO, V.S.; KHOROSHEV, I.G.; MYASNIKOV, Yu.A.; PERFIL'YEVA, Z.A.; KRATOCHVIL' N.I.; VAYSTIKH, M.A.; RAVDONIKAS, O.V.; BARANOVA, N.K.; ZIMINA, V.Ye.; TORMASOVA, L.N.; USTIN-PETROVA, T.F.; AREF'YEV, S.S.; KOKINA, N.I.; KUL'BA, A.P.; MAL'TSEVA, N.K.; SHELANOVA, G.M.; SORINA, A.M.; BRA... NITSKAYA, V.S.; PRUDNIKOVA, M.N.

Tularin from a vaccinal strain for epicutaneous use. Zhur. mikro-biol.epid. i immun. 27 no.9:22-28 S '56. (MLRA 9:1))

1. Iz Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii im. N.F.Gamelei AMN SSSR i protivotuliaremiynykh stantsiy Stalingradskoy, Voronezhskoy, Tul'skoy, Plavskoy, Omskoy, Krasnodarskoy, Moskovskoy i Smolenskoy. (TULAREMIA, diagnosis, tularin epicutaneous test (Rus))

OLSUF'YEV, N.G. (Prof. Cand. of Med. Sci.)

"Therapeutic Action of Streptomycin and Other Antibiotics in the Treatment of Tularemia,"

p. 173 Ministry of Health USSR Proceedings of the Second All-Union Conference on Antibiotics, 31 May - 9 June 1957. p. 405, Moscow, Medgiz, 1957.

OISUFJEV, N.G.; EMELIANOVA, O.S.

The antigenic structure of *Bacterium tularensis*. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha
1 no. 4:357-366 1957.

1. Gamaleye Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Academy of
Medical Sciences of the USSR, Department of Natural Focal Infections,
Tularaemia Laboratories, Moscow.
(*PASTEURELIA TULARENSIS*, immunology,
antigenic structure)

USSR/Microbiology. Hemoglobinophilic Bacteria
Microbe of Tularemia

P-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 14, 1958, No 62427

Author : Olsuf-jev N.G., Dunayeva T.N., Fsvotkova Ye.I.

Inst : -

Title : On Various Properties of Immunity in Fularemia

Orig Pub : Zhi. mikrobiol., epidemiol. i immunobiologii,
1957, No 6, 15-15

Abstract : In 6 hours after infection of white rats subcutaneously with a fatal dose of virulent tularemia bacteria (TuB), streptomycin treatment was started, which lasted 10 days. Sixteen out of 20 rats got well, with 100% mortality of the control animals. Part of the rats were killed immediately at the end of treatment. In their organs TuB was not found; in the serum were found specific antibodies with an average titer of 1:220. Twenty-three days after the end of

Card : 1/3

USSR/Microbiology. Hemoglobinophilic Bacteria
Microbes of Tularemia

P-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 14, 1958, No 62427

treatment in the second group of the rats, the intensity of immunity was determined by way of infection with a fatal dose of a virulent strain culture, with the result that 7 out of 8 rats lived, with a 100% mortality in the control animals. The surviving rats were killed 1 month after the experiment of immunity; TuB was found in only 1 out of 7 rats by performing a biopsy in the regional lymph nodes. The average agglutination titer of the serum amounted to 1:60. In the second series of experiments, 50 rats were infected subcutaneously with a sublethal dose of TuB: 25 rats with a 1 million dose and 25 with 1000 microbe cells. Five rats died of the first dose, and of the second--not even one died. In 6 months, 10 rats in each group were killed; studies of their organs by performing biopsies

Card : 2/3

USSR / General Problems of Pathology. Pathophysiology U
of the Infectious Process.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 11, 1958, 51596.

Author : Matveyets, L. S., Olsuf'yev, N. G., Il'inskiy,
Yu. A., Zharikov, N. M., Kerbikov, O. V.

Inst : Not given.

Title : On the Study of the Immunological Reactivity
of the Organism in Antitularemia Vaccination of
Subjects With Various Conditions of the CNS.

Orig Pub: Zh. microbiol., epidemiol. i immunobiologii,
1957, No 9, 46-51.

Abstract: The immunological reactivity (IR) to antitular-
emia vaccination was investigated in mentally ill
patients. The indices of IR were lower in schi-
zophrenic patients than in normal ones. IR did
not decrease in benign schizophrenia, oligophrenia and in some cases of parkinsonism.

Card 1/1

31

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.; TERESHCHENKO, M.P.

Diagnostic significance of the method of repeated passages in
white mice in the isolation of Bact. tularensis cultures of
varying virulence. Izv. Irk.gos.nauch.-issl. protivochum.inst.
14:66-78 '57. (MIRA 33:7)
(TULAREMIA) (BACTERIOLOGY--TECHNIQUE)

BEKLEMISHEV, V.N., prof.; VINOGRADSKAYA, O.N.; DARSAYA, N.F.; DERBENEVA-UKHOVA, V.P.; DETINOVA, T.S.; DOLMATOVA, A.V.; LANGE, A.B.; OLSUP'YEV, N.G.; POSPELOVA-SHTROM, M.V.; RODENDORF, B.B.; SHIPITSINA, N.K.; PLAVIL'SHCHIKOV, N.N., red.; LYUDKOVSKAYA, N.I., tekhn.red.

[Guide to arthropods harmful to human health] Opredelitel' chlenistonogikh, vreditel'shchikh zdorov'iu cheloveka. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo med.lit-ry, 1958. 419 p. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Deyatvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR (for Beklemishev). 2. Institut malyarii i meditsinskoy parazitologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (for Beklemishev, Derbeneva-Ukhova, Detinova, Dolmatova, Pospelova-Shtrcm, Shipitsina). 3. Kafedra parazitologii TSentral'nogo inst. usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (for Vinogradskaya). 4. Nauchno-issledovat.inst. Kavkaza i Zakavkaz'ya Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR v Stavropole (for Darskaya). 5. Kafedra entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova (for Lange). 6. Otdel parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii Inst. epidemiologii i mikrobiologii im. N.F.Gamalei AMN SSR (for Olsup'yev). 7. Institut paleontologii Akademii nauk SSSR (for Rodendorf).

(ARTHROPODA) (INSECTS AS CARRIERS OF DISEASE) (PARASITES--MAN)

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.,

AUTHOR: Kucheruk, V.V.,

10-58-2-27/30

TITLE: A Scientific Conference on Medical Geography (Nauchnaya konferentsiya po voprosam meditsinskoy geografii)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR - Seriya geograficheskaya, 1958, Nr. 2 pp 153-155 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A conference on the natural nidus and epidemiology of especially dangerous diseases was convened by the Institute "Mikrob" in Saratov from 25 January to 2 February 1957. Apart from Soviet scientists, the following guests took part in the meeting: Professor Chen Ven-kuy, Doctor Yan Tsin-syuy and Doctor Gu Fan-chzhoy (Chinese People's Republic); Professor Yu. Parnas, Dotsent Ya. Lakhmayeyrova, Doctor K. Zembzhuski (Poland); Doctor V. Shkovranek, Doctor Yu. Chervenko (Czechoslovakia); Umendeiger Damdina, Samboy Sharavyn (Mongolian People's Republic). The conference heard the following reports: V.N. Fedorov and V.P. Kozakevich on the spreading and morbidity of pestilence in foreign countries; N.G. Olsuf'yev on "The Distribution of Tularemia throughout the World, Its Epidemiology and Prophylaxis"; Ye.I. Korobkova on "The Spreading of Cholera in the Past and Present"; E.N. Shlyakov on the spreading of malignant anthrax throughout the world; B.N. Pastukhov on "The Epizootolo-

Card 1/2

~~OLSUF'YEV, N.G., prof.~~

Current status of the study of tularemia prevention by vaccine.
Vest, AMN SSSR 13 no. 11:63-72 '58 (MIRA 11:12)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR.
(TULAREMIA, prev. & control.
vacc., review (Rus))

OLSUP'YEV, N.G.; YEMEL'YANOVA, O.S.; UGLOVOY, G.P.; SIL'CHENKO, V.S.;
BORODIN, V.P.; SAMSONOVA, A.P.; XONKINA, N.S.; SHELANOVA, G.M.;
LEVACHEVA, Z.A.; TSAREVA, M.I.; ZYKINA, N.A.; LEBEDEVA, T.F.

Result of mass use with human subjects of dry tularemia vaccine
prepared from restored Gaiskii No.15 and Emelianova No.155 strains.
Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i immun. 29 no.3:52-57 Nr '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei ANN SSSR,
Voronezhskoy, Stalingradskoy, Moskovskoy, Tul'skoy oblastnykh, Altayskoy
krayevoy sanitarno-epidemiologicheskikh stantsii i Omskogo instituta
epidemiologii i mikrobiologii.

(TULAREMIA, immunology,
vaccine, dry from Gaiskii's No.15 & Emelianova's No.155
strains, mass application (Bus))

OLSUF'YEV, N.G.
DUNAYEVA, T.N.; *OLSUF'YEV, N.G.*

Possibility of a latent or chronic course of tularemia in water rats and other animals highly susceptible to this infection [with summary in English]. Zool. zhur. 37 no.3:430-440 Mr '58.
(MIRA 11:4)

1. Laboratoriya tulyaremii otdela prirodnoochagovykh infektsiy
Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii AMN SSSR, Moskva.
(Tularemia) (Mice--Diseases and pests)

PLSUF JE N.G.
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

"Immunological and prophylactic effectiveness of adult tetanus vaccination."

report submitted at the 13th All-Japan Congress of Hygienists, Epidemiologists and Infectionists, 1959.

OLSUF'YEV, Nikolay Grigor'yevich

[Tularemia and measures for preventing it] Tulyaremija i mery ee
preduprezhdeniya. Izd.3., ispr. Moskva, Medgiz, 1959. 35 p.
(MIRA 14:11)
(TULAREMIA)

CLSUF'YEV, N. G.

"The major laws governing the existence of the natural foci of tularemia."
p. 189.

Dosyatoye soveshchaniye po parazitologicheskim problemam i prirodnym nizovym
tloemnym. 22-29 Oktyabrya 1959 g. (Tenth Conference on Parasitological
Problems and Diseases with Natural Foci 22-29 October 1959), Moscow-Berlingrad,
1959, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR and Academy of Sciences USSR, No. 1
25Lpp.

Inst. of Epidemiology and Microbiology, AMS USSR/ Moscow

ALFEYEV, N.I.; BREGETOVA, N.G.; GMEZDILOV, V.G. [deceased]; GUTSEVICH,
A.V.; KOSTYLEV, N.N.; NIKOLAYEV, B.P.; OLSUF'YEV, N.G.; PAVLOVSKIY,
Yevgeniy Nikanorovich, akademik; PERVOMATSKII, G.S.; PERFIL'YEV,
P.P.; POMERANTSEV, B.I. [deceased]; SALTYAEV, V.A.; SKVORTSOV, B.P.;
SMIRNOV, G.G.; TERAVSKIY, I.K.; BLAGOVESHCHENSKIY, D.I., doktor,
red.; RULEVA, M.S., tekhn.red.

[Laboratory manual on medical parasitology] Laboratornyi praktikum
meditsinskoi parazitologii. Pod red. E.N.Pavlovskogo. Leningrad,
Gos.izd-vo med.lit-ry, Leningr.otd-nie, 1959. 486 p.

(MIRA 12:9)

(MEDICAL PARASITOLOGY)

OISUFIEV, N.G.; EMELYANOVA, O.S.; DUNAYEVA, T.N.

Comparative study of strains of *B. Tularensis* in the old and new world and their taxonomy. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 3 no. 2: 138-149 1959.

I, Tularemia Laboratory of the Department of Natural Focal Infections, Gamaleya Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Moscow.

(PASTEURELIA TULARENSIS, culture)

OLSUF'YEV, N.G., prof.; YEMEL'ANOVA, O.S., kand.biolog.nauk;
DUNAYEVA, T.N., kand.biolog.nauk

Some difference in the causative agent of tularemia in the old
and new world. Vest. AMN SSSR 14 no.6:51-58 '59. (NIKA 13:6)

1. Laboratoriya tulyaremii otdela prirodno-ochagovykh infektsii
Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.
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